## PRE-OPERATIVE PREPARATION FOR PAEDIATRIC BLOOD TRANSFUSION

The Royal Alexandra Children's Hospital Standard Operating Procedure, BSUH NHS Trust

#### FOR THOSE PATIENTS THAT MAY NEED BLOOD PERI-OPERATIVELY:

- For a patient to receive fully cross-matched (as opposed to group specific) blood, **TWO** G&S samples are required.
- For a patient with known anti-bodies, liaise immediately with transfusion as blood may not be available on site

#### WHEN SHOULD I SEND THE FIRST (i.e. "HISTORICAL") GROUP & SAVE (G&S) SAMPLE PRE-OPERATIVELY?

- This first sample is the "historical" sample. It can be sent at any time pre-operatively (i.e. can be minutes to years old).

#### WHEN SHOULD I SEND THE SECOND (i.e. "CURRENT") G&S SAMPLE PRE-OPERATIVELY?

| PATIENT:                                                          | 2 <sup>nd</sup> SAMPLE TO BE TAKEN NOT MORE THAN: |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Patient transfused <i>or</i> pregnant within the last 3 months?   | 72 hours before blood required to be available    |
| Patient NOT transfused and NOT pregnant within the last 3 months? | 7 days before blood required to be available      |

## WHAT IS ELECTRONICALLY ISSUED BLOOD?

- Blood that is electronically cross-matched
- Can be issued EITHER one unit at a time (conserves stock) or as many units are needed
- Available immediately on request, it just needs to be electronically scanned ("issued") from the fridge

## WHAT MAKES A PATIENT SUITABLE FOR ELECTRONICALLY ISSUED BLOOD?

- Requires **TWO G&S** samples (to "double-check" for absence of antibodies, confirm patient identity and blood group)
- First ("historical") sample may be **historical** *or* **taken on the same day** (e.g. from same cannula with short gap between; ensure samples are labelled with separate timings)
- Second ("current") sample must be no older than 72 hours if patient transfused or pregnant within the last 3 months OR no older than 7 days if patient NOT transfused or NOT pregnant within the last 3 months
- Ideally it is taken by two different people to ensure correct patient identification
- To confirm availability or eligibility for electronic issue, please call Transfusion Services on ext 4577

#### WHAT PATIENTS ARE NOT SUITABLE FOR ELECTRONIC ISSUE?

- Less than 4 months old phone transfusion as may need a sample from patient's mother
- Patient has anti-bodies
- Patient has had a positive DAT (Direct Antiglobulin Test) needs to be fully cross-matched
- Patient has weak D
- Patient has an anomaly on current sample

## WHAT BLOOD BOTTLE SHOULD THE G&S BE SENT IN?

- Blood should be taken in a **purple EDTA** bottle (with <u>any</u> coloured ring):
  - o > 4 months old: 2mL EDTA
  - o < 4 months old: 500μL EDTA
- Patient data should be filled in using the "Blood Hound" system, to avoid transcription errors
- If filled in by hand, must comply with Trust guidelines
  - see link: http://pathology.bsuh.nhs.uk/pathology/Default.aspx?tabid=110#Crossmatch

### WHAT SHOULD I DO IF IT'S DIFFICULT TO SEND TWO SAMPLES? (e.g. distressed patient)

- These two samples can be taken from the same cannula:
  - If taken at the same time, this needs to be by two different people preferably using bloodhound to minimise error and confirm patient identity
  - If taken on different occasions, it can be done by the same person (ideally should be done by different people to reduce error)
- In the rare event that it's **impossible to obtain blood** for the second G&S sample:
  - It's reasonable for the second sample to be taken after induction of anaesthesia by anaesthetist (if there
    were no antibodies)
  - The surgical SHO then has the responsibility to personally deliver the sample to the transfusion lab
    and ensure that the laboratory staff are aware that this is an emergency sample
  - o If only 1 sample available, then patient can only be issued group O red cells





# FLOWCHART TO PREPARE FOR PAEDIATRIC BLOOD TRANSFUSION & ELECTRONICALLY ISSUED BLOOD



