

Guideline for the detection & management of steroid induced diabetes in Oncology patients

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NB: Guidelines should be interpreted alongside symptoms, life expectancy, quality of life, patient's desire /ability to comply with advice

If not known to have diabetes:

- **check random venous glucose (or CBG) & HbA1c at start of Glucocorticoid therapy**
- **Inform patient of potential symptoms of Diabetes**

SYMPTOMS of diabetes

- Passing a lot of urine, especially at night
- Being really thirsty
- Losing weight without trying to
- Genital itching or thrush
- Cuts and wounds take longer to heal
- Blurred vision

**Known Diabetes, or new diagnosis
(ie HbA1c \geq 48 or Glu \geq 12)**

**High Diabetes Risk: Random venous
Glucose \geq 8 but $<$ 12, or HbA1c= 42-47**

**Low Diabetes Risk: Random venous
Glucose/ CBG $<$ 8, and HbA1c $<$ 42**

- Give education & written info regarding dietary advice for patient/carer
- Provide glucose meter & teach use (or request GP to arrange, by fax/phone)

- Monitor glucose if symptoms of diabetes only
- Confirmation with random venous glucose not necessary unless CBG \geq 8

- **Initially test CBGs QDS** (ie pre-meal & pre-bed), then modify freq according to control
- If CBG is $>$ 15 on 2 occasions during 24 hrs, diabetic management should be reviewed
- If CBG $>$ 20 on 2 consecutive readings &/or feel unwell - urgently contact GP/ medical team for advice or visit A+E
- Copy Oncology letters to known Diabetic teams

CBG testing OD (pre evening meal)

- If CBG $>$ 12 or has diabetic symptoms - increase freq of tests to QDS (ie pre-meal & pre-bed) for 72 hrs
- If 2 consecutive CBG readings $>$ 12 in a 24 hr period or has diabetic symptoms – advise pt to contact clinician/GP & be commenced on oral anti-hyperglycaemics
- If CBGs remain $<$ 12 & asymptomatic – reduce test freq to OD
- If CBG $>$ 20 on 2 consecutive readings &/or feel unwell - urgently contact GP/ medical team for advice or visit A+E